





Safety starts at home.





BLOCK PARTY OVERVIEW



45 MIN- 1 HOUR OF TRAINING MATERIAL

- **INTRODUCTION / ICE BREAKER**
- **CWS / ALERTS & COMMUNICATION TOOLKIT**
- **RED FLAG DAYS: GO BAGS / PARKING / EVACUATION PROTOCOL**
- HOME HARDENING / DEFENSIBLE SPACE PROPERTY INSPECTIONS
 - TRAINING, RESOURCES & ANNOUNCEMENTS
 - FEEDBACK SURVEY & OPEN FORUM



BLOCK PARTY ICE BREAKER TRIVIA

Kanoot **ENSING**







PUBLIC EVENTS - SOFT OPENINGS

MARCH 19 - Colusa Circle 5K

APRIL 30 - Shred & Med Drop Off

MAY 19 - Kensington Hilltop Carnival

MAY-JUNE - BLOCK LEVEL TRAININGS











HOME HARDENING CAMPAIGN



HARDEN YOUR HOME AGAINST WILDFIRES

CLEAN DRY DEBRIS FROM RAIN GUTTERS







HARDEN YOUR HOME AGAINST WILDFIRES

ROOFING & SIDING

KENSINGTON

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT





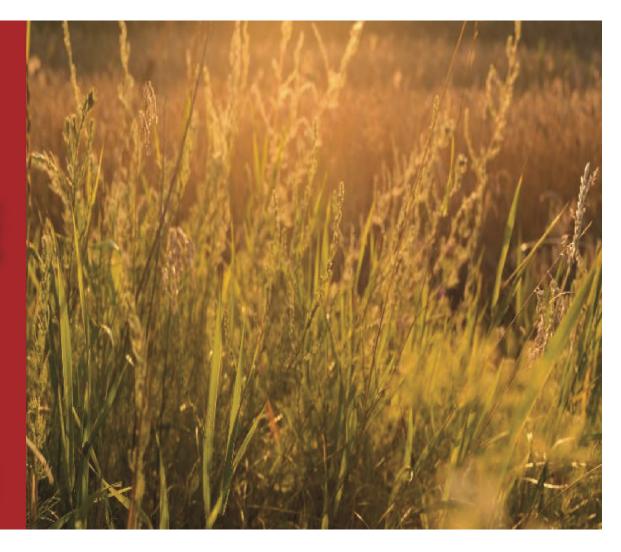




HARDEN YOUR HOME AGAINST WILDFIRES

WEED ABATEMENT

KENSINGTON





HARDEN YOUR HOME AGAINST WILDFIRES

COVERING VENTS & OPENINGS

KENSINGTON







Fire Hazard Reduction Checklist



Zone 1 Requirements

Definition: Zone 1 extends 30 feet from buildings, structures, decks, etc.in all portions within the community of Kensington including the designated Very High Fire Hazard Severity (VHFHS) Zones

_	
Remove all dead plants, grass and weeds w	
Remove dead or dry leaves and pine needle	
Trees shall be maintained so that no portion is	
Trees, shrubs, bushes or other vegetation adjace maintained free of dead limbs and other combu	
On mature trees, limbs should be removed up to limbed to $1/3^{rd}$ of their height up to 6' above the	
Relocate wood piles to Zone 2 if applicable	
Remove or prune flammable plants and shr	
Remove vegetation and items that could car	
Create a minimum 6-foot separation betwee materials	
Vacant lots in Zone 1 shall be maintained to be	
Zone 2 Requirements	
Definition: Zone 2 extends from 30 feet to 10 etc. in those areas within the community of K Hazard Severity (VHFHS) Zones. <u>NOTE: All Z</u> addition to the following Zone 2 requirement	
Cut or mow weeds and grass shall be cleared t	
All fire hazardous vegetation <u>except for weeds</u> no greater than 18 inches above the ground	
Vacant lots in Zone 2 shall be maintained to be	

To find out if your property is located within to : https://egis.fire.ca.gov/FHSZ/ On the uppe Address Search.

Kensington Fire Protection District Fire Hazard Reduction Guidelines



Zone 1

Zone 1 extends 30 feet from buildings, structures, decks, etc.in all portions within the community of Kensington including the designated Very High Fire Hazard Severity (VHFHS) Zones. Vacant lots in Zone 1 shall be maintained to be 10 feet wide along the property line.

- Remove all dead plants, grass and weeds (vegetation).
- Remove dead or dry leaves and pine needles from your yard, roof and rain gutters.
- Trees shall be maintained so that no portion is closer than 10 feet from any chimney opening.
- Trees, shrubs, bushes or other vegetation adjacent to or overhanging any structure shall be maintained free of dead limbs and other combustible matter such as vines and loose papery bark.
- On mature trees, limbs should be removed up to 10' above the ground. Smaller trees should be limbed to $1/3^{rd}$ of their height up to 6' above the ground, but in no case less than 18 inches from the ground.
- Relocate wood piles to Zone 2 if applicable.
- Remove or prune flammable plants and shrubs near windows.
- Remove vegetation and items that could catch fire from around and under decks.
- Create a minimum 6-foot separation between trees, shrubs or vegetation and combustible materials.

Zone 2

Zone 2 extends from 30 feet to 100 feet out from buildings, structures, decks, etc. in only those areas within the community of Kensington designated as the Very High Fire Hazard Severity (VHFHS) Zones. Vacant lots in Zone 2 shall be maintained to be 30 feet wide along the property line. NOTES: (1) All Zone 1 requirements shall be followed in addition to the following Zone 2 requirements: (2) The vast majority of the entire community of Kensington is in the VHFHSZ.

- Cut or mow weeds and grass shall be cleared to a maximum height of 6 inches.
- All fire hazardous vegetation except for weeds and grass shall be cleared and maintained to a height no greater than 18 inches above the ground.



KENSINGTON



Home Fire Hazard Reduction

DEFENSIBLE SPACE ZONES

Kensington Fire Protection District recommends homeowners utilize the "Home Ignition Zone" concept to make up the required 100 feet of defensible space. Many homes do not have 100' of space between structures and parcel lines. Property owners are required to maintain defeinsble space to their property line. Work with neighbors to hel provide defensible space for their homes, and ask neighbors for help if their property threatens yours. In most cases, the most effective soltuions is a cooperative approach beetween neighbors.

The most important zone is closest to your structures from 0'-5'. If you've taken all of the steps outlined here and worked to harden your home, neighboring properties typically present onl a minimal risk. Work with neighbors or land managers to reduce fuel on nearby orioertues ir create fuel breaks to help reduce the risk to your community.

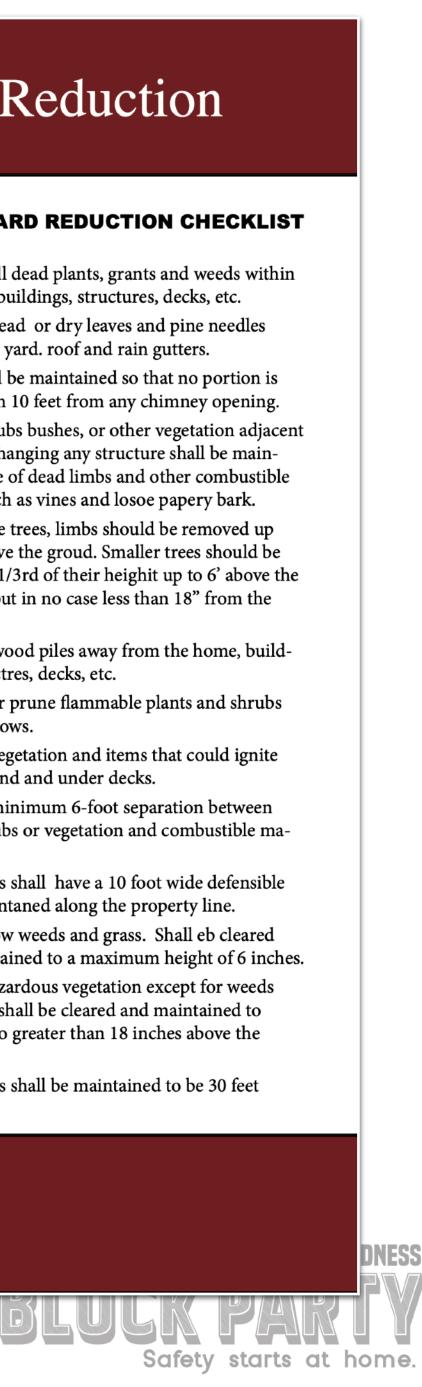


ZONE 0	0-5' from structures
ZONE 1	5' from house to 30' away
ZONE 2	30' -100' away from house

FIRE HAZARD REDUCTION CHECKLIST

- □ Remove all dead plants, grants and weeds within 30 feet of buildings, structures, decks, etc.
- \Box Remove dead or dry leaves and pine needles from your yard. roof and rain gutters.
- □ Trees shall be maintained so that no portion is closer than 10 feet from any chimney opening.
- □ Trees, shrubs bushes, or other vegetation adjacent to or overhanging any structure shall be maintained free of dead limbs and other combustible matter such as vines and losoe papery bark.
- □ On mature trees, limbs should be removed up to 10' above the groud. Smaller trees should be limber to 1/3rd of their heighit up to 6' above the ground, but in no case less than 18" from the ground.
- □ Relocate wood piles away from the home, buildings, structres, decks, etc.
- □ Remove or prune flammable plants and shrubs near windows.
- □ Remove vegetation and items that could ignite from around and under decks.
- □ Create a minimum 6-foot separation between trees, shrubs or vegetation and combustible materials
- □ Vacant lots shall have a 10 foot wide defensible space maintaned along the property line.
- □ Cut or mow weeds and grass. Shall eb cleared and maintained to a maximum height of 6 inches.
- □ All fire hazardous vegetation except for weeds and grass shall be cleared and maintained to a height no greater than 18 inches above the ground.
- □ Vacant lots shall be maintained to be 30 feet

KENSINGTON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT **f** O @kensingtonfpd www.kensingtonfire.org



PUBLICATIONS



KEEP THIS IN A SAFE PLACE



Wildfire **HOME ASSESSMENT &**

What to know and what you can do to prepare.





OVERNOR'S OFFICE O EMERGENCY SERVICES CalOES.ca.gov

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

UC ANR Publication 8695 | July 2021 https://doi.org/10.3733/ucanr.8695 https://anrcatalog.ucanr.edu

lumboldt and Del No counties; STEPHEN L. QUARLES UCCE Advisor, emeritus; STEVEN V. SWAIN, UC Environmental Hortic Advisor in Marin and

AUGUST 202



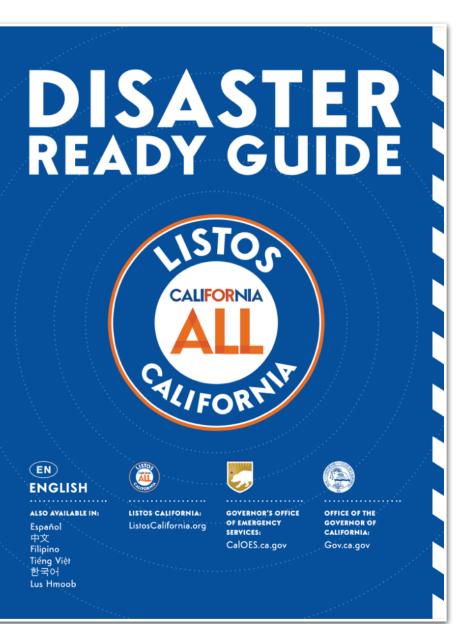
Reducing the Vulnerability of Buildings to Wildfire: Vegetation and Landscaping Guidance

hat can Californians do to improve VV the chances that their homes will survive a wildfire? The good news is that research demonstrates that a home's odds of surviving a wildfire can be substantially improved through careful attention to three principles: (1) thoughtful landscape design aimed at reducing and separating combustibles (vegetation, lawn furniture, and other landscape assets) within the defensible space on a property, (2) retrofitting homes to resist wildfire, and (3) implementing ongoing maintenance of the

home and landscaping to reduce combustible materials (for example, leaves and needles) and to address the wear and tear that homes incur over time.

tance of a coupled approach to improving the odds of home survival-an approach that encompasses the home as well as the vegetation and other combustible materials on the proper ty. However, this publication focuses primaril on landscaping issues on a property; more detail about home hardening can be found in publications listed in the reference section (IBHS 2019; Quarles et al. 2010).

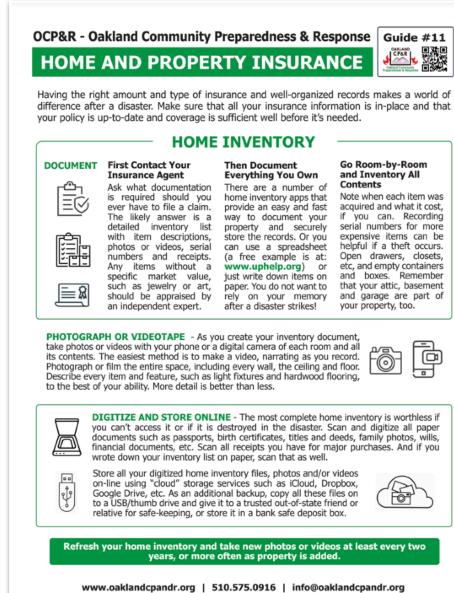
Preparing for wildfire does not have to be costly. The first step is to understand the three types of exposures that can threaten a home during a wildfire so that actions specific to the context of an individual's home and landscape can be prioritized.











Home Fire Hazard Reduction

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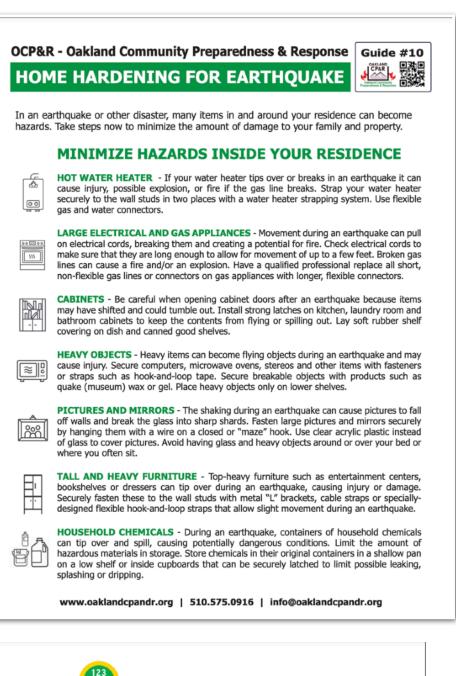
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Safety starts at home.

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0-5' from structures

5' from house to 30' away

30' -100' away from house

ZONE '

ZONE 2



BOOTH DISPLAYS





RED FLAG DAYS ARE COMING.

ARE YOU READY?

PREPARE NOW!

REGISTER FOR ALERTS
PACK A GO BAG
BE READY TO EVACUATE

ekensingtonfpd



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f 🕜 @kensingtonfpd



KENSINGTON

HOW WILL YOU KNOW AN EMERGENCY IS HAPPENING?

DON'T MISS CRITICAL INFO. SUBSCRIBE!

CWS ALERTSNIXLEKFPD EMAIL

f O @kensingtonfpd



BOOTH DISPLAYS / EMERGENCY KIT EXAMPLES





JUDY

Street LA Common

FIRST A

JUDY



JUDY



BOOTH DISPLAYS / ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY KIT ITEMS





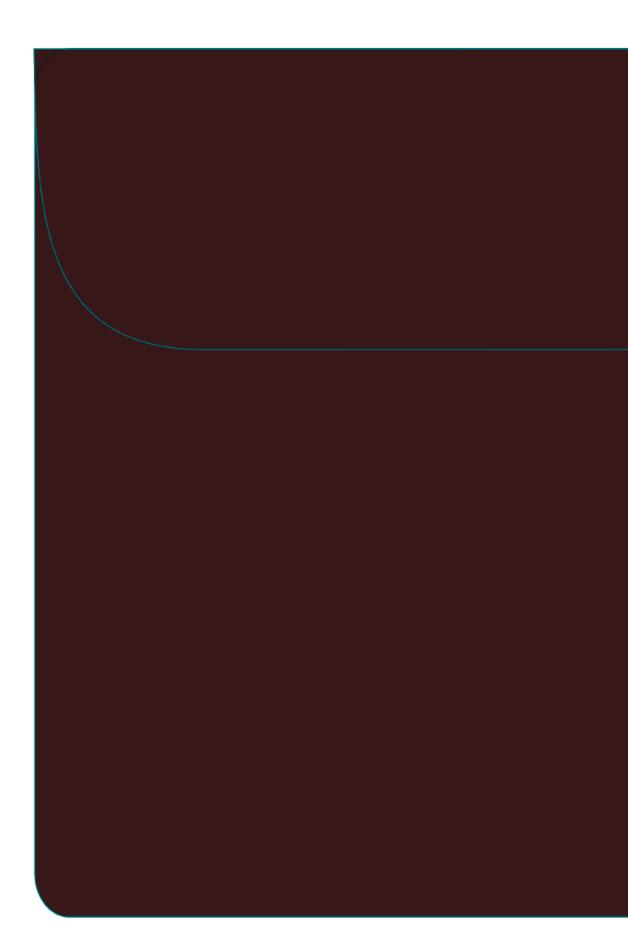




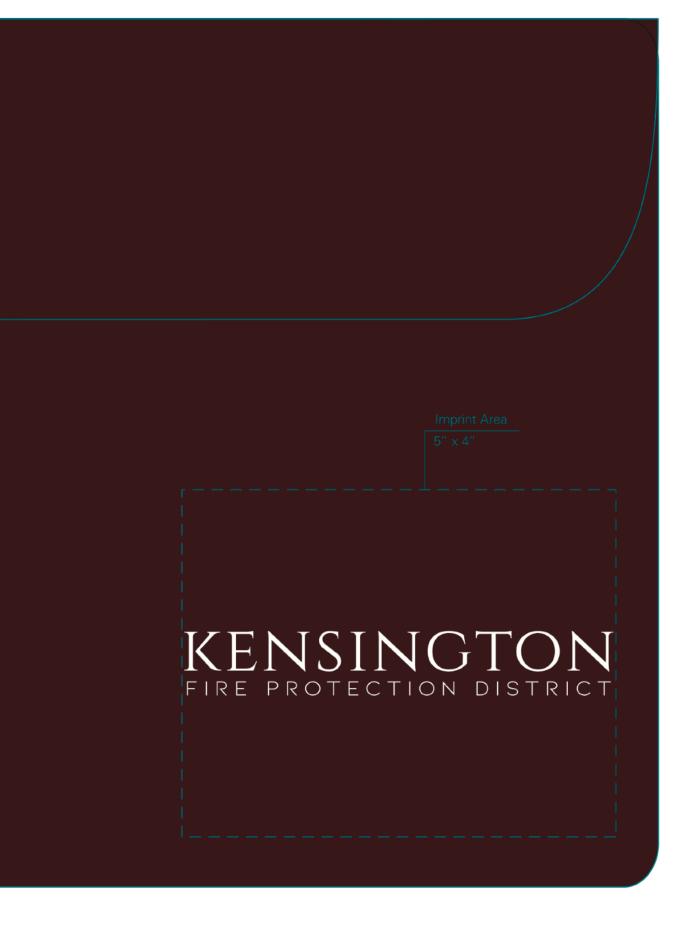




VITAL DOCUMENTS PORTFOLIO









BRANDED SAFETY PROMOTIONAL ITEMS













MISC. ITEMS

