Insurers

Agents & Brokers

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About Us

Consumers / Wildfire Response and Readiness / Safer from Wildfires

Safer from Wildfires

File a Complaint

Safer from Wildfires is an interagency partnership between Insurance Commissioner Ricardo Lara and the emergency response and readiness agencies in Governor Gavin Newsom's administration to protect lives, homes, and businesses by reducing wildfire risk.

Seniors

Consumers

With California experiencing devastating, climate change-intensified wildfires, homes and businesses need insurance they can rely on. Commissioner Lara is using every tool available to improve insurance for our communities. Drawing on the direct experience of first responders and the latest research on wildfires, the partnership created a consistent approach to reducing risk with a list of achievable and effective actions to help make existing homes and businesses safer from wildfires. The ultimate goal is protecting consumers by reducing wildfire risk in their communities, making insurance available and affordable for all Californians.

This "ground up" approach for wildfire resilience has three layers of protection — for the structure, the immediate surroundings, and the community — to prevent wildfires from catching and spreading to other homes and businesses in the neighborhood.

Commissioner Lara is working to increase available incentives for wildfire safety. Click here to view the list of insurance companies currently offering discounts.

Safer from Wildfires in



Protecting the structure



- Class-A Fire rated roof
- Maintain a 5 foot ember-resistant zone around a home (including fencing within 5 feet)
- Noncombustible 6 inches at the bottom of exterior walls • Ember and fire-resistant vents (See Low-Cost Retrofit List,
- and Chapter 7A)
- Upgraded windows (Double paned or added shutters)
- Enclosed eaves

Protecting the immediate surroundings



- Cleared vegetation and debris from under decks
- Removal of combustible sheds and other outbuildings from the immediate surroundings of the home, to at least a distance of 30 feet
- Defensible space compliance (including trimming trees, removal of brush and debris from yard, and compliance with state law and local ordinances)

Working together as a community



- A community should have clearly defined boundary and a local risk assessment in consultation with the local fire district or state fire agency; an identified evacuation route, cleared of vegetative overgrowth, and evacuation plan contingencies; clear funding sources to implement community mitigation activities and meet clear risk reduction goals; and integrated and up-to-date local planning documents pertinent to community wildfire risk.
- Current examples include the Fire Risk Reduction Community designation under development by the Board of Forestry, Firewise USA communities in good standing, and Shelter-in-Place designations.
- Wildfire Mitigation Partnership Summary can be downloaded here.
- One-page overview can be downloaded <u>here</u>.











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News

Consumers

File a Complaint

Check License Status

Fraud

Types of Insurance

Health Insurance Information Company and Agent/Broker Information

Laws & Regulations

Virtual Viewing Room

Dealing with Catastrophes

Administrative Hearings and Public Programs

Cannabis and Insurance

Bail Bonds

Climate Change

Information Guides

** Wildfire Response and Readiness

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 300 Capitol Mall, 17th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814

TEXT OF REGULATION

MITIGATION IN RATING PLANS AND WILDFIRE RISK MODELS

February 25, 2022 REG-2020-00015

Title 10. Investment Chapter 5. Insurance Commissioner Subchapter 4.8. Review of Rates Article 4. Determination of Reasonable Rates

Adopt: Section 2644.9. Consideration of Mitigation Factors; Wildfire Risk Models.

- (a) Applicability.
 - (1) An insurer that promulgates a rate that is developed with, determined by or relies upon, in whole or in part, a rating plan that segments, creates a rate differential, or surcharges the premium based upon a policyholder or applicant's wildfire risk shall comply with this Section 2644.9. If a rate that is developed with, determined by or relies upon a rating plan that complies with this section is approved, in whole or in part, and thereafter such rating plan is replaced, or modified in any manner, including but not limited to, the inclusion of new factors, or different criteria or algorithms, the insurer shall, prior to implementing the new or modified rating plan, file a new rate application, which shall include the new or modified rating plan. No such new or modified rating plan shall be used unless and until the new rate application is approved.
 - (2) A rating plan shall satisfy the requirements of subdivision (d)(1) of this Section 2644.9 only if the rating plan taken as a whole, including the operation of any Wildfire Risk Models that may be incorporated into the rating plan, takes into account and reflects the factors described in subdivisions (d)(1)(A) and (d)(1)(B) of this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the use of a Wildfire Risk Model.

(b) Definitions.

As used in this section, each of the following terms has the meaning set forth below:

(1) Building Being Evaluated.

The term "Building Being Evaluated" means the residential or commercial structure in question, and includes decks that are attached to or abut the structure.

(2) Class-A Fire Rated Roof

A "Class-A Fire Rated Roof" is a roof that receives a Class A rating when tested in accordance with ASTM E108 or UL 790.

(3) Enclosed Eaves.

"Enclosed Eaves" are roof eaves that have either (1) boxed-in roof eave soffits with a horizontal underside or (2) an exterior covering applied to the underside of the rafter tails supporting the eaves, which covering is sloped corresponding to the slope of the rafter tails. Enclosed Eaves are thus distinguishable from open roof eaves, whose rafter tails are exposed.

(4) Fire-Resistant Vents.

"Fire-Resistant Vents" are vents, including but not limited to ventilation openings for enclosed attics, enclosed eave soffit spaces, enclosed rafter spaces formed where ceilings are applied directly to the underside of roof rafters, and underfloor ventilation openings, that are fully covered with wildland flame and ember resistant vents approved and listed by the California State Fire Marshal or with vents listed to the ASTM E2886 standard.

(5) Firewise USA Site in Good Standing.

A "Firewise USA Site in Good Standing" is a community that, at the time the Building Being Evaluated is rated, is recognized as such by the National Fire Protection Association, a Massachusetts 501(c)(3) corporation.

(6) Shelter-in-Place Community.

A "Shelter-in-Place Community" is a community designed, built and maintained to reduce the risks from heat and flames that result from an approaching wildfire, and is designated as such by the local fire district with jurisdiction in that area. Characteristics of a Shelter-in-Place Community include driveway and roadway

widths that facilitate evacuations and firefighting efforts, and a communitywide landscape and vegetation plan that is approved by the local fire district and that is not allowed to be altered without approval from the fire district. Further, each dwelling in such a community is required to maintain the fire-resistant design features specified for the structure at the time the community was designated a Shelter-in-Place Community.

(7) Wildfire Risk Model.

- (A) The term "Wildfire Risk Model" means any tool, instrumentality, means or product, including but not limited to a map-based tool, a computer-based tool or a simulation, that is used by an insurer, in whole or in part, to measure or assess the wildfire risk associated with a residential or commercial structure for purposes of:
 - 1. Classifying individual structures according to their wildfire risk; or
 - 2. Estimating losses corresponding to such wildfire risk classifications.
- (B) The term "Wildfire Risk Model" does not include models used for purposes of projecting aggregate losses under Section 2644.4 or 2644.5.
- (c) Wildfire Risk Models to be provided to the Commissioner.

Pursuant to Insurance Code section 1861.05, subdivision (b), any Wildfire Risk Model, as defined in subdivision (b)(7) of this section, that is used, in whole or in part, in an insurer's rating plan shall be provided to the Commissioner as part of an insurer's complete rate application.

(d) Mandatory factors.

- (1) No insurer shall use a rating plan that does not take into account and reflect the following mandatory factors:
 - (A) Community-level mitigation efforts: The rating plan shall reflect, and the rate offered to the applicant or insured shall be based in part on, the reduced wildfire risk resulting from community-level mitigation efforts. At a minimum the rating plan shall take into account whether the Building Being Evaluated is located in:
 - 1. A community listed by the Board of Forestry as a Fire Risk Reduction Community pursuant to Public Resources Code section 4290.1;
 - 2. A Shelter-in-Place Community; or

- 3. A Firewise USA Site in Good Standing.
- (B) Property-level mitigation efforts.

The rating plan shall reflect, and the rate offered to the applicant or insured shall be based in part on, the reduced wildfire risk resulting from property-level wildfire risk mitigation efforts undertaken with respect to an individual property being assessed for risk. Individual property risk mitigation efforts include:

- 1. Measures addressing the immediate surroundings of the Building Being Evaluated, including:
 - a. Clearing of vegetation and debris from under decks,
 - b. Clearing of vegetation, debris, mulch, stored combustible materials, and any and all movable combustible objects, from the area within five (5) feet of the Building Being Evaluated,
 - c. Incorporation of only noncombustible materials into that portion of any improvements to the property on which the Building Being Evaluated is located, including fences and gates, which is situated within five (5) feet of the Building Being Evaluated,
 - d. Removal or absence of combustible structures, including sheds and other outbuildings, from the area within thirty (30) feet of the Building Being Evaluated or, in the event that the applicant or insured does not control the entirety of the area extending thirty feet from the Building Being Evaluated, removal of combustible structures from as much of such area as is under the control of the applicant or policyholder, and
 - e. Whether the property upon which the Building Being Evaluated is situated complies with Section 4291 of the Public Resources Code, and any applicable local ordinances, governing defensible space; and
- 2. Building hardening measures, including provision of the following:
 - a. Class-A Fire Rated Roof,
 - b. Enclosed Eaves.

- c. Fire-Resistant Vents,
- d. Multipane windows, including dual pane windows, or functional shutters, which when closed, cover the entire window and do not have openings, and
- e. At least six (6) inches of noncombustible vertical clearance at the bottom of the exterior surface of the building, measured from the ground up.
- (2) No later than one hundred eighty days following the date this section is filed with the Secretary of State, each insurer shall file a rate application that incorporates a rating plan that includes, the factors described in subdivision (d)(1) of this section.

(e) Optional factors.

An insurer may use a rating plan which incorporates other factors that the insurer demonstrates are substantially related to risk of wildfire loss, and do not result in rates that are excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory. These optional factors may include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Fuel: This factor shall take into account the various types of combustible materials, and the density of those materials, in the vicinity of the structure in question, including the location of trees, grass, brush, and other vegetation relative to the structure. The fuel factor shall take into account the fact that different fuels burn at different rates and intensities, resulting in different levels of wildfire risk. If used, this factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to fuel, as described in this subdivision (e)(1).
- (2) Slope: This factor shall take into account the position of the structure in question on a slope relative to potential sources of ignition, and the steepness of the slope between those potential sources of ignition and the structure. If used, this factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to slope, as described in this subdivision (e)(2).
- (3) Access: Access reflects the ease or difficulty with which firefighting personnel and equipment can reach structures at risk of wildfire. The access factor shall include consideration of the presence of dead-end roads, road width, shoulders, and availability of multiple access points with respect to the structure in question. If used, this factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to access, as described in this subdivision (e)(3).
- (4) Aspect: The aspect factor shall reflect the direction the slope upon which the structure in question is located faces. If used, this factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to aspect, as described in this subdivision (e)(4).

- (5) Structural characteristics: The structural characteristics factor shall reflect the materials used in the construction, and may reflect such items as the design, of the structure in question. The structural characteristics factor shall not reflect the construction materials or any other item the insurer is required to take into account pursuant to subdivision (d) of this section. If used, the structural characteristics factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to structural characteristics, as described in this subdivision (e)(5).
- (6) Wind: The wind factor shall take into account the degree to which wind speed and direction in the vicinity of the structure in question may impact a wildfire's progression. If used, the wind factor shall reflect the historic and estimated impact on losses related to wind, as described in this subdivision (e)(6).
- (7) Other community-level or property-level mitigation efforts not specified in subdivision (d) of this section as recommended by a state or local fire safety agency or organization as reducing wildfire risk.

(f) Availability for public inspection.

Any rating plan, or Wildfire Risk Model submitted to the Commissioner in connection with a complete rate application pursuant to subdivision (c) of this section, or any additional documentation relating to such rating plan or model as may be requested by the Commissioner during the review of any such application, including any records, data, algorithms, computer programs, or any other information used in connection with the rating plan or Wildfire Risk Model used by the insurer which is provided to the Commissioner, shall be available for public inspection pursuant to Insurance Code sections 1861.05, subdivision (b), and 1861.07, regardless of the source of such information, or whether the insurer or the developer of the rating plan or Wildfire Risk Model claims the rating plan or Wildfire Risk Model is confidential, proprietary, or trade secret. Pursuant to Insurance Code section 1855.5, subdivision (a), a Wildfire Risk Model as defined in subdivision (b)(7) of this section that is made available by an advisory organization to its members for use in California shall be filed with the Commissioner and made available for public inspection.

(g) Credible data.

Any rate application shall incorporate the insurer's own California wildfire loss data to the extent that it is credible to support each segment, rating differential, or surcharge being requested. To the extent the insurer's own California data is not fully credible, the insurer shall credibility-weight its data with an appropriate complement of credibility to support each segment, rating differential, or premium surcharge. If the Commissioner aggregates California premium-and-loss data by wildfire risk to create a fire and wildfire exposure risk manual, an insurer may rely on the then-current version of the manual as support for each segment, rating differential, or surcharge being requested in connection

with a residential property rate application, either directly or as a complement of credibility to the insurer's own California wildfire loss data.

(h) Provision of wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification to policyholder or applicant.

An insurer utilizing a Wildfire Risk Model, or rating factor, to segment, create a rate differential, or surcharge the premium based upon the policyholder or applicant's wildfire risk shall, within 180 days after the date this section is filed with the Secretary of State, implement a written procedure to provide, in writing, to each such policyholder or applicant for property insurance the wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification used by the insurer to segment, create a rate differential, or surcharge the premium based upon the policyholder or applicant's wildfire risk. The insurer shall provide to the policyholder or applicant such wildfire risk score or classification at the following times:

- (1) No later than fifteen days following the submission to the insurer of the applicant's completed application;
- (2) At least forty-five days prior to each renewal;
- (3) At least seventy-five days prior to any nonrenewal; and
- (4) In the event that the policyholder or applicant has completed a mitigation measure on the subject property since the time of the last application to or renewal by the insurer, no later than thirty days following the submission to the insurer of the policyholder or applicant's request that the insurer provide a revised wildfire risk score or wildfire risk classification.
- (i) Policyholder or applicant's right to appeal.

The procedure described in subdivision (h) of this section shall permit a policyholder under, or applicant for, a policy of property insurance who disagrees with the assignment of a wildfire risk score, or other wildfire risk classification, used by the insurer in its Wildfire Risk Model or rating plan, the right to appeal orally or in writing that assignment directly to the insurer. The insurer shall notify the policyholder or applicant in writing of this right to appeal the wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification, whenever such score or classification is provided to the policyholder or applicant, in the manner set forth in subdivision (h) of this section. If a policyholder or applicant appeals a wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification, the insurer shall acknowledge receipt of the appeal in writing within ten calendar days of receipt of the appeal. The insurer shall respond to the appeal in writing with a reconsideration and decision within 30 calendar days after receiving the appeal. In the event that an appeal is denied, the insurer shall, upon request by the Department, forward a copy of the appeal, and the insurer's response, to the Department.

(j) Representation by broker or agent.

If the policyholder or applicant is represented by a broker, or the insurer is represented by an insurance agent with respect to the policyholder's policy or the applicant's application, the policyholder or applicant may appeal orally or in writing to the agent or broker the assignment of wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification, who shall then forward that appeal to the insurer no later than five calendar days after receiving the appeal from the policyholder or applicant. The insurer shall acknowledge receipt of the appeal in writing to the policyholder or applicant and the agent or broker no later than five calendar days after receipt of the appeal from the broker or agent. The insurer shall respond to the appeal to the policyholder or applicant and the agent or broker with a written reconsideration and decision of the appeal within 30 calendar days after receiving the appeal from the broker or agent. In the event that an appeal is denied, the insurer shall, upon request by the Department, forward a copy of the appeal, and the insurer's response, to the Department.

(k) Explanation of wildfire risk score or other wildfire risk classification.

Whenever a wildfire risk score, or other wildfire risk classification used by the insurer to segment, create a risk differential or surcharge the premium for a particular policyholder or applicant, is identified or provided to the policy holder or applicant pursuant to subdivision (h) or (j) of this section, the insurer shall also provide in writing:

- (1) The range of such scores or classifications that could possibly be assigned to any policyholder or applicant;
- (2) The relative position of the score or classification assigned to the policy holder or applicant in question within that range of possible scores or classifications, and the impact of the score or classification on the rate or premium; and
- (3) A detailed written explanation of why the policy holder or applicant received the assigned score or classification; the explanation shall make specific reference to the features of the property in question that influenced the assignment of the score or classification.

The insurer shall provide, in addition, the following information:

- (A) Which mitigation measure or measures can be taken by the policyholder or applicant to lower the wildfire risk score or classification; and
- (B) The amount of premium reduction the policyholder or applicant would realize as a result of performing each such measure under the insurer's rating plan that is in effect at the time.

(*l*) Notification to policyholder or applicant of right to contact Department in connection with insurer's response to appeal.

When an insurer responds to the applicant or policyholder in connection with an appeal pursuant to subdivision (i) or (j) of this section, it shall also notify the policyholder or applicant in writing that the policyholder or applicant may contact the Department of Insurance for assistance if the policyholder or applicant disagrees with the insurer's written reconsideration and decision. In any event, the insurer shall provide the policyholder or applicant with the Department of Insurance toll-free consumer hotline and web address of the Department's Consumer Complaint Center.

(m) No curtailment of applicant or policyholder's rights.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of an applicant or policyholder to complain directly to the Commissioner at any time or to pursue any other remedy or other action allowed under California or federal law.

(n) Inapplicability to certain commercial policies.

This section shall not apply to a commercial policy insuring multiple locations, none of whose wildfire risk is considered in rating the policy.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 1858, 1859, 1861.01, 1861.05 and 1861.07, Insurance Code; *20th Century v. Garamendi*, 8 Cal.4th 216 (1994). Reference: Sections 1851, 1855.5, 1858, 1861.05, 1861.07 and 1861.13, Insurance Code.





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File a Complaint

Consumers

Seniors

Agents & Brokers

Insurers

Fraud

News

About Us

Consumers / Types of Insurance / Information Guides / Residential Series / Insurers Currently Offering Discounts

Insurers Currently Offering Discounts

Residential Property Insurance Companies Currently Offering Discounts

for Fire Hardened Homes and/or Communities

The number of residential property insurance companies offering insurance discounts for fire-hardened homes and communities has increased since Commissioner Lara took office in 2019. Several companies offer both community-wide discounts (for example, a home in a Firewise or a Shelter-In-Place community) and home-specific discounts (for example, maintaining defensible space or home-safety measures against wind-blown embers). In some cases, these discounts can be combined. Because discounts and eligibility differ by company, we urge you to contact the insurance company directly to find out if your property qualifies.

Insurance Company / Group	Discount Based on Community Mitigation	Discount Based on Property/ Parcel Mitigation	Discounts in Effect Since	Telephone #	Website Address
Allstate Insurance Company		X	Jul-08	800-255- 7828	https://www.allstate.com/
American Modern Home Insurance Company	Fire Wise Community	X	Nov-18	800-543- 2644	https://www.amig.com/
ASI Select Insurance Corp	Fire Wise Community	X	Feb-21	866-274- 8765	https://www.americanstrategic.com/
California Automobile Insurance Company	Fire Wise Community	X	Oct-20	866-974- 2910	https://www.mercuryinsurance.com/
Crestbrook Insurance Company		X	Feb-14	877-669- 6877	https://www.nationwide.com/
CSAA Insurance Exchange	X (CSAA approved)	X	Nov-21	855-424- 8639	https://calstate.aaa.com/insurance
Falls Lake Fire and Casualty	Fire Wise Community	X	Dec-19	800-780- 7454	https://www.fallslakeins.com/
Occidental Fire & Casualty Company of North Carolina		X	Aug-13	800-481- 0661	https://www.iatinsurancegroup.com/
State Farm General Insurance Company	Fire Wise Community	X	Feb-22	800-782- 8332	https://www.statefarm.com/
The Cincinnati Insurance Company	Shelter in Place Community	X	Aug-16	888-242- 8811	https://www.cinfin.com/
California FAIR Plan	Fire Wise Community	X	May-18; Jun-11	800-339- 4099	https://www.cfpnet.com/
Chubb Group					
Federal Insurance Company	Shelter in Place Community	X	Dec-18	800-682- 4822	https://www.chubb.com/us-en/
Pacific Indemnity Company	Shelter in Place Community	X	Dec-18		
Vigilant Insurance Company	Shelter in Place Community	X	Dec-18		
USAA Group					
Garrison Property and Casualty Insurance Company	Fire Wise Community		Oct-14	210-531- 8722	https://www.usaa.com/
United Services Automobile Association	Fire Wise Community		Oct-14		
USAA Casualty Insurance Company	Fire Wise Community		Oct-14		
USAA General Indemnity Company	Fire Wise Community		Oct-14		
Revised 2/10/22					

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Consumers

File a Complaint

Check License Status

Types of Insurance

<u>Automobile</u>

Homeowner/Residential

Life And Annuity

Long-Term Care

Medicare Supplement

<u>Pet</u>

TNC Ridesharing

Workers' Compensation

Compare Premiums

Information Guides

Health Insurance Information

Company and Agent/Broker Information

Laws & Regulations

Virtual Viewing Room

Dealing with Catastrophes

Administrative Hearings and Public Programs

Cannabis and Insurance

Bail Bonds

Climate Change

Information Guides

Wildfire Response and Readiness

Privacy Policy ADA Compliance Si